AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- (Currently amended) A method for establishing a healthy bacterial flora in females throughout life, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of at least one a first probiotic Lactobacillus iners and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said Lactobacillus iners is administered orally or vaginally.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said bacterial flora is gastrointestinal
 or urogenital flora.
 - 3. (Canceled)
- (Currently amended) The method of Claim 1 further comprising <u>administering</u> a second probiotic organism.
- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein said second probiotic organism is a Lactobacillus selected from the group consisting of L. rhamnosus, L. acidophilus, L. fermentum, L. casei, L reuteri, L. crispatus, L. plantarum, L. paracasei, L. jensenii, L. gasseri, L. cellobiosis, L. brevis, L. delbrueckii, L. helveticus, L. salivarius, L. collinoides, L. buchneri, L. rogosae, or L. bifdum.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 4, wherein said second probiotic organism is a Bifidobacterium selected from the group consisting of B. bifidum, B. breve, B. adolescentis, or B. longum.
- (Original) The method of Claim 4, wherein a prebiotic is administered in conjunction with the probiotic organism.
 - 8. (Canceled)

- (Currently amended) A method for maintaining a healthy urogenital flora in females prior to, during and after pregnancy, comprising orally administering an effective amount of at least-one a first probiotic Lactobacillus iners and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier
- (Currently amended) The method of Claim 9 further comprising <u>administering</u> a second probiotic organism.
- 11. (Original) The method of Claim 10, wherein said second probiotic organism is a Lactobacillus selected from the group consisting of L. rhamnosus, L. acidophilus, L. fermentum, L. casei, L reuteri, L. crispatus, L. plantarum, L. paracasei, L. jensenti, L. gasseri, L. cellobiosis, L. brevis, L. delbrueckii, L. helveticus, L. salivarius, L. collinoides, L. buchneri, L. rogosae, or L. bifidum.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 9, wherein said second probiotic organism is a *Bifidobacterium* selected from the group consisting of *B. bifidum*, *B. breve*, *B. adolescentis*, or *B. longum*.
- 13. (Currently amended) A method for restoring healthy urogenital flora in females in need thereof comprising administering an effective amount of at least one Lactobacillus iners isolated from said female and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said Lactobacillus iners is administered orally or vaginally.
- 14. (Currently amended) A method for reducing the risk of bacterial vaginosis and bacterial vaginosis pathogens, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of at least one-Lactobacillus iners and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein said Lactobacillus iners is administered orally or vaginally.
- (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a Lactobacillus iners, a prebiotic and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
 - 16. (Canceled)

- (Previously presented) The method of any of Claims 7 or 15, wherein said prebiotic is inulin.
- (Previously presented) The method of any of Claims 7 or 15, wherein said prebiotic is fructo-oligosaccharides or milk.
- (Previously presented) A method for treatment of an infection in a subject in need by administering a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition of Claim
- 20. (Currently amended) A method for inhibiting and displacing vaginal pathogens, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of at least one Lactobacillus iners and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, wherein the vaginal pathogens are gastrointestinal or urogenital bacterial flora.